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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Rocky Mountain House

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rocky Mountain House, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the Town of Rocky Mountain House as at December 31, 2016, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Wade Noble & Partners LLP

Chartered Accountants

Rocky Mountain House, Alberta April 18, 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

	201	.6	2015
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	\$ 7,	640,222 \$	12,624,317
Receivables			
Taxes receivable (Note 3)		295,112	174,414
Trade and other receivables (Note 4)	4,	087,077	3,416,395
GST receivable		110,300	393,748
Land for resale inventory	1,	<u>976,578</u> _	1,976,578
	14,	109,289	18,585,452
LIABILITIES			
Bank demand loan (Note 5)	\$	952,702 \$	3,000,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	1,	968,353	2,987,797
Accounts payable - tangible capital assets		438,769	3,092,834
Payroll remittances payable		27,116	69,315
Security deposits (Note 7)		102,310	169,430
Deferred revenue (Note 8)	,	304,087	1,074,611
Long term debt (Note 9)		<u>637,526</u> _	8,570,832
	12,	430,863	18,964,819
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	1,	<u>678,426</u>	(379,367)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	93,	352,153	90,511,620
Inventory for consumption		221,541	245,523
Prepaid expenses		4,773	
	93,	578,467	90,757,143
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1, Note 12)	\$ <u>95.</u>	<u>256,893</u> \$	90,377,776

Commitments and Contingencies - See Notes 13, 15, 16, and 17

See accompanying schedules and notes to the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Budget (Unaudited)		2016		2015
REVENUE						
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3)	\$	8,083,607	\$	8,105,389	\$	7,702,790
User fees and sale of goods		5,648,498		5,220,263		5,120,964
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)		3,352,186		3,360,265		3,056,385
Investment income		129,000		106,176		195,113
Franchise and concessions		1,162,752		1,073,299		1,056,546
Sponsorships and advertising				185,180		46,548
Total Revenue	_	18,376,043	_	18,050,572	_	17,178,346
EXPENDITURES						
Legislative		280,451		233,689		217,114
Administration		1,713,274		1,467,342		1,314,224
Police		2,120,997		1,965,591		1,770,391
Fire and by-law enforcement		1,224,844		1,060,799		1,061,185
Common services		833,529		746,127		685,873
Roads		2,127,473		2,291,257		2,018,331
Airport		257,921		200,826		208,292
Water and wastewater		2,521,661		2,324,687		2,372,314
Waste management		1,185,198		1,178,925		940,677
Economic development		388,544		484,102		502,405
Subdivision land development		415,481		341,340		499,171
Recreation and parks		4,159,787		3,911,671		2,840,306
Library		305,327		286,299		295,310
Community hall		217,133		205,530		240,632
Public Health		779,084		797,318		725,489
Other		78,704		43,252		43,826
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets			_	(46,280)	-	(30,519)
Total Expenditures	-	18,609,408	-	17,492,475	_	15,705,021
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES - BEFORE OTHER		(233,365)		558,097		1,473,325
OTHER						014 704
Contributed assets (Schedule 2)		-		<u>-</u>		846,726
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	-	4,166,557	-	4,321,020	-	6,675,651
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		3,933,192		4,879,117		8,995,702
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	90,377,776	-	90,377,776	_	81,382,074
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$ _	94,310,968	\$_	95,256,893	\$_	90,377,776

See accompanying schedules and notes to the financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budget (Unaudited)	2016	2015
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>3,933,192</u> \$_	4,879,117	\$_8,995,702
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(7,111,262) - 2,774,941 - (4,336,321)	(6,161,846) - 49,780 3,317,813 (46,280) (2,840,533)	(16,472,713) (846,726) 167,667 2,826,539 (30,519) (14,355,752)
Net use (acquisition) of supplies inventories Net acquistion of prepaid assets	<u>-</u>	23,982 (4,77 <u>3</u>)	(5,298)
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN NET DEBT	(403,129)	2,057,793	(5,365,348)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(379,367)	(379,367)	4,985,981
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>(782,496)</u> \$_	1,678,426	\$(379,367)

See accompanying schedules and notes to the financial statements

2015

2016

TOWN OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES	1			
OPERATING				
Excess Of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	4,879,117	\$	8,995,702
Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses:				
Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,317,813		2,826,539
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		(46,280)		(30,519)
Tangible capital assets received as contributions		-		(846,726)
Non-cash charges to operations (net change):				
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable		(120,698)		(6,019)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables		(387,234)		(1,157,185)
Decrease (increase) in inventory of land for resale		_		(9,000)
Decrease (increase) in inventory for consumption		23,982		(5,298)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		(4,773)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,061,644)		1,089,292
Increase in deferred operating revenues		6,368		144,647
Increase (decrease) in security deposits		(67,120)	_	(180,153)
	_			
Cash provided by operating transactions	_	6,539,531	-	10,821,280
CAPITAL				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(4,507,262)		(9,927,122)
Grants and other contributions used for capital functions		(4,315,016)		(4,331,016)
Increase in deferred revenue used for tangible capital assets		229,476		(60,340)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	_	49,780	_	106,830
Cash applied to capital transactions	_	(8,543,022)	_	(14,211,648)
FINANCING				
Long-term debt repaid		(933,306)		(916,280)
Proceeds from demand loans		-		3,000,000
Repayment of demand loans		(2,047,298)		-
Cash provided by financing transactions	-	(2,980,604)	-	2,083,720
Cash provided by infancing transactions	-	(=1,>00,100.1)	-	
CHANGE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR		(4,984,095)		(1,306,648)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	12,624,317		13,930,965
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$_	7,640,222	\$,	12,624,317

For distribution of cash and cash equivelants, see Note 2.

See accompanying schedules and notes to the financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 1

2015 TOTAL	\$ 81,382,074	8,995,702	•		•	•	1	1	1	8,995,702	\$ 90,377,776
2016 <u>TOTAL</u>	\$ 90,377,776	4,879,117	1		•	•	1	1	•	4,879,117	\$ 95,256,893
Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	\$ 79,663,591 \$	1	1	ı	2,047,298	6,161,846	(3,500)	(3,317,813)	896,420	5,784,251	\$ <u>85,447,842</u> \$
Restricted Surplus	\$ 5,246,136	1	(78,401)	2,931,186	•	(3,304,788)	1	ı	1	(452,003)	4,794,133
Unrestricted Surplus	\$ 5,468,049 \$	4,879,117	78,401	(2,931,186)	(2,047,298)	(2,857,058)	3,500	3,317,813	(896,420)	(453,131)	\$ 5,014,918 \$
	BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	Excess Of Revenues Over Expenditures	Restricted funds used for operations	Unrestricted funds designated for future use	Capital funding received (repaid)	Funds used for tangible capital assets	Disposal of tangible capital assets	Annual amortization expense	Capital long-term debt repaid	Change in accumulated surplus	BALANCE, END OF YEAR

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 2

2015 TOTAL	\$ 120,175,163	17,319,439	(429,108)	\$_137,065,494	44,019,295	2,826,539	(291,960)	46,553,874	\$ 90,511,620
$\frac{2016}{\text{TOTAL}}$	\$ 137,065,494 \$	6,161,846	(31,319)	\$_143,196,021\$_	\$ 46,553,874 \$	3,317,813	(27,819)	49,843,868	\$ <u>93,352,153</u> \$
Vehicles	2,841,017	311,340	1	3,152,357	1,562,106	180,667	1	1,742,773	1,409,584
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Machinery and equipment	4,652,162	554,300	(31,319)	5,175,143	2,713,008	376,386	(27,819)	3,061,575	2,113,568
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Engineering structures	90,653,003	482,105	1	91,135,108	32,862,438	2,016,192		34,878,630	56,256,478
	€9		l	↔	9		ĺ	İ	8
Buildings	26,027,256	4,774,094	1	30,801,350	4,826,599	555,629	1	5,382,228	25,419,122
	€		İ	⊗	⇔		l	ı	e l
Land Improvement	6,898,420	40,007	r	6,938,427	4,589,723	188,938	,	4,778,661	2,159,766
7	⊗			∞ '	⊗				∞ "
Land	5,993,636	ı	ı	\$_5,993,636_\$_		1		1	\$ 5.993,636 \$
	∞		ı	∞ '	↔		·	•	↔ "
	COST BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$	Acquisition of tangible capital assets	Disposal of tangible capital assets	BALANCE, END OF YEAR	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	Annual Amortization	Accumulated amortization on disposals	BALANCE, END OF YEAR	NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year, the Town recognized acquisition of engineering structures totaling \$nil (2015 - \$846,726), representing roads, sewers, watermains, concrete work, service connections, sidewalks and gutters constructed by a subdivision developer for which responsibility was transferred to the Town during the year.

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 3

	Budget (Unaudited)	2016	2015
TAXATION Real property taxes Linear Property Government grants in place of property taxes	\$ 10,351,303	\$ 10,655,035	\$ 9,967,454
	121,276	120,921	121,276
	144,009	20,842	144,009
	10,616,588	10,796,798	10,232,739
REQUISITIONS Alberta School Foundation Fund Westview Lodge	2,439,222	2,593,647	2,434,662
	93,759	97,762	95,287
	2,532,981	2,691,409	2,529,949
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$ <u>8,083,607</u>	\$ <u>8,105,389</u>	\$ <u>7,702,790</u>

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 4

	Budget (Unaudited)	2016	2015
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING Other Local Governments Provincial Government Federal Government	\$ 2,494,217 857,969 	\$ 2,265,735 1,094,530 	\$ 2,019,626 1,031,889 4,870 3,056,385
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL Other Local Governments Provincial Government Federal Government	2,012,818 1,771,052 382,687 4,166,557	2,273,722 1,658,046 389,252 4,321,020	2,256,970 382,687 4,035,994 6,675,651
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ <u>7,518,743</u>	\$ <u>7,681,285</u>	\$9,732,036

SCHEDULE OF CONSOLIDATED EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 5

		udget audited)	20	016	2015	
Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods and utilities Bank charges and short term interest Interest on long term debt Transfers to local boards and organizations Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$	6,156,766 5,042,929 1,950,452 46,000 302,287 2,336,033 2,774,941	\$	5,457,174 4,356,309 1,755,139 60,593 357,339 2,234,388 3,317,813 (46,280)	\$	4,920,731 4,165,328 1,467,988 46,051 328,690 1,980,213 2,826,539 (30,519)
	\$	18,609,408	\$	17,492,475	\$_	15,705,021

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 6

TOTAL	8,105,389 7,681,285	5,220,263 106,176 1,258,479	\$_22,371,592	4,356,309	5,457,174	2,234,388	417,932 (46,280)	14,174,662	8,196,930	(3,317,813)	4,879,117
Other	- 819,203	215,649	1,034,852 \$	56,622 \$	158,985 88,921	503,760		808,288	226.564	(29,829)	196,735 \$
	∽		€	€					_	ا	Sell Sell
Environmental Services	- 65,000	3,583,390	3,648,390	530,102	636,132	875,452	171,397	2,620,770	1.027.620	(885,294)	142,326
En	\$		es 	9						_	%
Recreation & Culture	3,227,024	795,080 - 185,180	4,207,284	539,431	2,043,162	255,201	96,780	3,604,027	603,257	(799,474)	(196,217)
×	\$	İ	So	≶					_		S S
Planning & Development	29,923	170,199	200,122	318,067	418,012	62,750		818,382	(618.260)	(7,059)	(625,319)
Ple	↔		⊗	€9							89
ransportation Services	2,151,473	123,905	2,275,378	562,073	717,275	- 100,007	72,133	1,838,333	437 045	(1.399.877)	(962,832)
Ë	∻		8	€9					_		الي ا
Protective Services	-627,613	192,213	819,826	1,837,153	518,482	50,400 525,225	1 1	2,911,268	(2 001 442)	(115.123)	
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General Government	\$ 8,105,389 761,049	139,827 106,176 1,073,299	\$ 10,185,740	\$ 512.861	σ,	52,203 12,000	77,622	1,573,594	9 617 146	0,012,137)	\$ 8,530,989
	REVENUE Net municipal taxes Government transfers	User fees and sales of goods Investment Income Other		EXPENSES Contracted & general services	Salaries & wages	Goods & supplies Transfers to local boards Interest expense & bonk	charges		NET REVENUE, BEFORE	AMORTIZATION Amortization Expense	NET REVENUE

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rocky Mountain House are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town of Rocky Mountain House are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of municipal operations plus all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Included in these financial statements is fifty percent of the Rocky Mountain House Municipal Airport assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes operating requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and use assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Where estimation uncertainty exists, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from estimates. The amounts recorded for valuation of tangible capital assets, and contingent liabilities and commitments are areas where management makes significant estimates and assumptions in determining the amounts to be recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(e) Debt Charges Recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long-term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the un-matured long-term debt, less actuarial requirements for retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

(f) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(g) Land for Resale Inventory

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

(h) Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on market value assessments determined in accordance with the Municipal Government Act. Tax mill rates are established annually. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Assessments are subject to appeal.

Requistions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special property assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

(j) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimated of the amounts can be determined.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

(i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land Improvements	-	15-20	years
Buildings	-	25-50	
Engineered structures			
Water System	-	35-75	
Wastewater System	-	35-75	
Other engineered structures	-	15-40	
Machinery and equipment	-	5-20	
Vehicles	_	10-25	

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost determined on a specific identification basis and net realizable value.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

2. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

	2016		2015
Cash	\$ 7,531,341	\$	12,509,853
Credit Union shares	972		36,973
Airport investment	107,909		77,491
r	\$ 7,640,222	\$_	12,624,317

Cash includes amounts held in a chequing bank account earning interest at graduated rates ranging from the bank's prime rate less 1.90% to 1.55% per annum. Effective rate at year end is 0.8% to 1.15% per annum. Cash also includes amounts held in a savings account earning interest at 0.5% per annum.

The Town also has available a \$460,000 revolving term loan bearing interest at the bank's prime rate of 2.7% per annum, maturing and renewed each year on December 31, of which \$nil (2015 - \$nil) is drawn at year end.

Effective January 4, 2017, this credit facility is amended as follows: the Town has available a \$1,500,000 revolving operating demand loan available by way of prime-based loans bearing interest at the bank's prime rate less 0.25% per annum payable on the last day of each month, or by Alberta Business MasterCard to an aggregate maximum of \$40,000. Under the terms of this agreement, the Town may not operate accounts with or otherwise conduct any banking business with any financial institutions other than the lender; throughout the year the Town has conducted banking business with 2 financial institutions.

3. TAXES RECEIVABLE

			2016	2015
	Current taxes	\$	197,475	\$ 116,740
	Arrears taxes	\$ <u></u>	97,637 295,112	\$ 57,674 174,414
4.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
			2016	2015
	Other trade receivables	\$	422,659	\$ 409,166
	Utilities receivable		397,866	377,451
	Receivable from Clearwater County for operating costs		1,004,388	1,397,200
	Receivable from Clearwater County for capital costs		2,262,164	1,232,578
	10001, dolo 110.11 01011 000111 101 tupitus 1001	\$	4,087,077	\$ 3,416,395

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

5. BANK DEMAND LOAN

The Town has available a revolving demand loan in the amount of \$3,000,000 payable on demand, bearing interest at 2.29% per annum, with a 36 month amortization term, to be used for water and sewer replacement, secured by a General Security Agreement covering all assets of the Town. At December 31, 2016 \$952,702 (2015 - \$3,000,000) was borrowed against this loan. Annual interest payments are required to be made twelve months after the first advance, with periodic principal payments to be made from receipt of grant funds earmarked for this project. Municipal Sustainability Initiative Provincial Grant funding is earmarked for the Main Street upgrade project that these funds were used to complete.

The total cash payments for interest on the bank demand loan paid in 2016 was \$65,106 (2015 - \$nil).

6. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are employee benefits totalling:

		2016		2015
Bank time	\$	34,574	\$	31,560
Vacation	\$_	207,699 242,273	\$_	201,728 233,288

Vacation and bank time

The vacation and bank time liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

7. SECURITY DEPOSITS

Security deposits are financial deposits for private development that are held by the Town to ensure that the development has been completed to the required specifications. Deposits are for items such as landscaping, fencing, paving and service connections.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

8. DEFERRED REVENUE

Inflows and outflows of restricted resources during the year were as follows:

		Balance 2015		Increases		Decreases		Balance 2016
Prepaid local improvements	\$	64,537	\$	45,143	\$	(16,520)	\$	93,160
Overpayment of taxes		52,889		26,743		(52,889)		26,743
Deferred projects		109,728		17,547		(19,414)		107,861
Damage deposits		15,293		1,981		-		17,274
Deferred operating revenue		436,676		289,807		(299,867)		426,616
Deferred recreational sponsorship								
revenue		92,730		144,016		(130,180)		106,566
Deferred Museum lands enhancement								
project revenue		_		150,000		-		150,000
Deferred capital grants		302,758		4,315,016		(4,331,016)		286,758
Offsite Levies	_			89,109	_	-	_	89,109
	\$_	1,074,611	\$_	5,079,362	\$_	<u>(4,849,886</u>)	\$_	1,304,087

Prepaid local improvement charges are being amortized to revenue over the life of the corresponding debentures with terms ranging from 1 to 18 years.

Deferred projects are funds received in advance for specific projects and will be recognized as operating revenue or capital revenue in the year the expenditure occurs.

Deferred operating revenue relates to monies received for goods or services which have not yet been delivered, and will be recognized as revenues when provision of the goods or services is completed.

Deferred capital grants relate to government and other funding received for specific capital projects that are not yet completed, and will be recognized as revenues when the projects are completed in the case of government grants, or on the same basis as the capital asset is amortized in the case of other contributions. Deferred capital grants is comprised of:

		Balance 2015		Increases		Decreases		Balance 2016
Municipal Sustainibility Initiative Grant	\$	-	\$	1,658,046	\$	(1,658,046)	\$	-
Federal Gas Tax Fund Grant				389,252		(389,252)		-
BP Legacy Donation		25,000		_		-		25,000
Gruber Street Light Reserve		13,188		-		-		13,188
Curling Club capital contributions		264,000		14,000		(30,000)		248,000
Other local government capital								
contributions		-		2,253,718		(2,253,718)		-
Other deferred capital revenues		570		_	_		_	<u>570</u>
•	\$_	302,758	\$_	4,315,016	\$_	(4,331,016)	\$_	286,758

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

9. LONG TERM DEBT

		2016		2015
Tax supported debentures	\$	3,197,972	\$	3,789,330
Self supported debentures		4,439,554	_	4,781,502
••	\$_	7,637,526	\$	8,570,832

The current portion of the long-term debt amounts to \$933,306 (2015 - \$895,827).

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

	PI	RINCIPAL	IN	NTEREST		TOTAL
2017	\$	895,827	\$	285,165	\$	1,180,992
2018		781,843		248,402		1,030,245
2019		812,197		218,047		1,030,244
2020		700,189		186,350		886,539
2021		723,955		162,583		886,538
Thereafter		3,723,515		687,068		4,410,583
	\$_	7,637,526	\$	1,787,615	\$_	9,425,141

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 2.51% to 6.50% per annum and mature in periods 2017 through 2028. The average annual interest rate is 4.52% (2015 - 4.69%).

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Rocky Mountain House at large.

The total cash payments for interest on debenture debts paid in 2016 were \$322,750 (2015 - \$360,735).

10. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Rocky Mountain House be disclosed as follows:

		2016		2015
Total Debt Limit	\$	27,075,858	\$	25,767,518
Total debt Amount of debt limit unused	\$ <u></u>	8,590,228 18,485,630	\$_	11,570,832 14,196,686
Debt servicing limit	\$	4,512,643	\$	4,294,586
Debt servicing Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ <u></u>	2,133,964 2,378,679	\$ <u></u>	4,256,056 38,530

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

11. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2016		2015
Capital Assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2) Long-term debt	\$ 143,196,021 (49,843,868) (8,590,228)	\$	137,065,494 (46,553,874) (11,570,832)
Long-term operating debt	 685,917	_	722,803
	\$ <u>85,447,842</u>	\$_	79,663,591

12. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2016	2015
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$ 5,014,918 4,794,133	\$ 5,468,049 5,246,136
Equity in tangible capital assets	85,447,842 \$ 95,256,893	79,663,591 \$ 90,377,776

RESTRICTED SURPLUS		Balance 2015		Increases		Decreases		Balance 2016
Operating contingency	\$	573,207	\$	441,533	\$	-	\$	1,014,740
Capital - general		1,747,899		599,354		(2,347,253)		-
Operations / Recreation / Bylaw								
Equipment reserve		349,136		370,000		(432,083)		287,053
Building maintenance reserve		149,695		263,080		-		412,775
Environmental Sustainability								
reserve		250,296		180,398		-		430,694
Airport - equipment		38,745		15,209		-		53,954
Water and sewer Infrastructure		536,559		972,503		(603,853)		905,209
RVB Special reserve		12,431		-		-		12,431
Land development		738,074		-		-		738,074
Off-site levies		594,338		89,109		-		683,447
42 Avenue collector reserve		106,020		-		-		106,020
42 Avenue intersection reserve		20,756		-		-		20,756
Boundary improvement reserve		55,824		-		-		55,824
46 St. Boundary reserve		73,156	_				_	73,156
-	\$_	5,246,136	\$_	2,931,186	\$_	(3,383,189)	\$_	4,794,133

The reserves of the Town of Rocky Mountain House are not specifically funded other than the Airport equipment reserve.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

13. CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS

During 2015 and 2016 the Town entered into several Sponsorship Agreements with various local sponsors providing various naming rights for the local recreation centre for ten year terms. Annual payments are due in February of each year, and can be terminated at any time during the term upon sixty days written notice or immediately by the Town in event of default. No future receipts have been accrued in these financial statements. Anticipated future receipts under these agreements are:

2017	\$ 165,206
2018	165,206
2019	159,206
2020	159,206
2021	159,206
Thereafter	 587,618
	\$ 1,395,648

In 2014 the Town entered into a financial contribution agreement with the Rocky Curling Club (the "Club") whereby the Club agreed to contribute a total of \$1,500,000 toward renovations to the local recreation centre. Annual payments are due in November of each year. No future receipts have been accrued in these financial statements. Anticipated future receipts under this agreement are:

2017	\$ 139,000
2018	139,000
2019	139,000
2020	139,000
2021	139,000
Thereafter	 277,000
	\$ 972,000

In 2015 the Town signed a Revenue Sharing Agreement with Clearwater County, committing the County to make annual revenue sharing payments to the Town. No future receipts have been accrued in these financial statements. Anticipated future receipts under this agreement are:

2017	\$ 750,000
2018	750,000
2019	 750,000
	\$ 2,250,000

In 2010, the Town and County as joint landlords entered into a triple net lease agreement for the lease of a municipally owned building. Estimated maximum future receipts under this agreement are:

2017	\$ 9,408
2018	9,408
2019	9,408
2020	9,408
2021	9,408
Thereafter	 32,928
	\$ 79,968

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

14. SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	2016				_	2015		
COUNCILORS		NORARIUM ALARY ¹		BENEFITS & LLOWANCES ²		TOTAL	-	TOTAL
Jason Alderson	\$	21,652	\$	899	\$	22,551	\$	10,985
Tammy Burke		24,487		1,039		25,526		25,627
Sheila Mizera		21,005		866		21,871		21,801
Fred Nash		41,390		-		41,390		44,740
Randall Sugden		19,745		804		20,549		21,897
William Symko		-		-		-		4,486
Manfred Ullman		19,633		799		20,432		19,373
Donald Verhesen		20,030		818		20,848		21,530
	\$	167,942	\$_	5,225	\$_	173,167	\$_	170,439
Town Manager - Becker	\$	167,678	\$_	35,923	\$_	203,601	\$_	192,674
	\$	167,678	\$_	35,923	\$_	203,601	\$_	192,674

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- 2. Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short-term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

15. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town of Rocky Mountain House participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the Alberta Public Sector Plans Act. The Plan serves about 200,000 people and about 421 employers. It is financed by the employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% (2015 - 11.39%) of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% (2015 - 15.84%) on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the town are required to make current service contributions of 10.39% (2015 - 10.39%) of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 14.84% (2015 - 14.84%) on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current and past service contributions by the Town of Rocky Mountain House to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2016 were \$422,532 (2015 - \$389,777). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town of Rocky Mountain House to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2016 were \$387,876 (2015 - \$358,168).

At December 31, 2015, the LAPP disclosed an acturial deficiency of \$923,416.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

16. CONTINGENCIES

Regional Waste Authority

Pursuant to an agreement entered into in 2001, the Town of Rocky Mountain House, the Clearwater County, and the Village of Caroline established a regional solid waste authority (the "Authority") to manage and operate a solid waste system.

The Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority is governed by its own board of directors.

The Town, the Clearwater County and the Village of Caroline may be jointly responsible for the defence of any claims brought against the Authority. Management is not aware of any active claims against the Authority at December 31, 2016.

Legal Actions

The Town is a defendent in various lawsuits as at December 31, 2016. Where the occurrence of future events is considered likely to result in a loss with respect to an existing condition, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated, amounts have been included within accrued liabilities. Where the resulting losses, if any, cannot be determined or the occurrence of future events is unknown, amounts have not been recorded.

No losses have been recorded in these financial statements, as all lawsuits are being handled and related damages will be covered by the insurance company. The Town's Administration believes there will be no material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town related to outstanding lawsuits.

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the Town is required to fund the closure of its landfill site and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities have occurred and the Town is continuing surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection. No post-closure liability is accrued in these consolidated financial statements and any further costs are being recognized as they occur, as a reasonable estimate of the total future liability can not be made at this point, and is not expected to be significant.

17. COMMITMENTS

RCMP contract

On April 1, 2012 the Town entered into an agreement with the Government of Canada for the employment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to provide policing services during the term of the agreement which ends March 31, 2032. The policing services expenses for 2016 are \$1,965,591 (2015 - \$1,770,391). The Town received Provincial grants to assist with the cost sharing in the amount of \$357,760 (2015 - \$358,400).

18. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Rocky Mountain House provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (schedule 6).

19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform with the current year's presentation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town of Rocky Mountain House's financial instruments include cash and temporary investments, taxes receivable, trade and other receivables, bank demand loan, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accounts payable - tangible capital assets, and long term debt. Transacting in financial instruments exposes the Town to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These risks include:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Town is exposed to some credit risk due to the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the Town's exposure to credit risk. The Town is exposed to some possible credit risk due to the concentration of credit to the extent that 72% (2015 - 66%) of the amounts receivable is due from another local municipality.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Town manages liquidity risk by maintaining a line of credit that is available when needed and continuously monitoring cash flows. It is management's opinion that the Town is not subject to liquidity risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Town does not transact in foreign currencies.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Town is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the carrying value of some cash and long-term debts are at fixed rates of interest. The Town is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that some cash and cash equivelents, revolving operating loan and bank demand loan have floating interest rates, which if the rate changes would affect future cash flows.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Town does not have significant exposure to other price risk.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Town of Rocky Mountain House is related to the Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority by having two of six board members in common. During the year requisitions were paid to the Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority in the amount of \$875,452 (2015 - \$691,858).

The above transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

22. TRUST FUNDS

The Town of Rocky Mountain House administers the following trust:

	2016			2015	
Cemetery Perpetual Care					
Balance, beginning of year	\$	57,198	\$	53,410	
Sale of cemetery plots		3,175		3,308	
Repurchase of cemetery plots				(67)	
Interest		574		<u>547</u>	
Balance, end of year	\$	60,947	\$	57,198	

23. BUDGET AMOUNTS

The budget amounts included in these financial statements have not been audited; accordingly no assurance is expressed thereon.

24. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements are approved by Council and management April 18, 2017.