FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2012



WADE NOBLE & PARTNERS LLP

*R. G. NOBLE, B. COMM., CA *J. R. WADE, B. COMM., CGA, CA *B. D. MAYER, B. MGMT., CA

ASSOCIATE. *C. S. WADE, B. COMM., CA P.O. BOX 100 ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE ALBERTA, T4T 1A1 (403) 845-3226 FAX (403) 845-5666

1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Rocky Mountain House

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rocky Mountain House, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the Town of Rocky Mountain House as at December 31, 2012, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants

Rocky Mountain House, Alberta April 16, 2013

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

		2012		2011
FINANCIAL ASSETS	, A	14.0/0 710	đ	12 045 040
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2)	\$	14,069,719	\$	12,045,949
Receivables Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3)		211,819		196,343
Trade and other receivables		967,248		837,470
GST receivable		132,824		104,914
Land for resale inventory		699,385		837,720
		16,080,995	_	14,022,396
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,351,948	\$	1,386,666
Accounts payable - tangible capital assets		1,263,833		68,328
Payroll remittances payable		83,274		40,121
Security deposits		447,929		68,912
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		1,705,965		1,996,519
Employee benefit obligations (Note 5)		278,722		284,410
Long term debt (Note 6)	_	7,024,436		7,670,112
	_	12,156,107		11,515,068
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	_	3,924,888		2,507,328
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)		66,602,542		66,489,876
Inventory for consumption	_	230,289	_	179,936
		66,832,831	_	66,669,812
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1, Note 9)	\$_	<u>_70,757,719</u>	\$_	<u>69,177,140</u>

Commitments and Contingencies - See Note 12 and 13

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

ą

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget		
	(Unaudited)	2012	2011
REVENUE			
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 3)	\$ 6,244,897	\$ 6,282,961	\$ 5,989,605
User fees and sale of goods	4,398,242	4,774,282	4,356,639
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 4)	2,434,036	2,579,386	2,538,638
Investment income	120,000	106,725	146,478
Franchise and concessions	587,829	575,000	516,652
Total Revenue	13,785,004	14,318,354	13,548,012
EXPENSES			
Legislative	249,916	207,082	207,536
Administration	1,321,472	1,279,681	1,168,335
Police	1,702,709	1,728,161	1,594,797
Fire and by-law enforcement	928,212	981,410	842,889
Common services	768,150	734,554	645,200
Roads	1,763,068	1,815,297	1,875,316
Airport	166,773	196,072	175,887
Water and wastewater	2,289,308	2,286,582	2,190,666
Waste management	516,470	521,762	479,420
Economic development	377,708	354,386	250,314
Subdivision land development	428,710	483,973	285,433
Recreation and parks	3,095,202	2,891,209	3,005,494
Library	243,156	250,495	232,954
Community hall	290,082	274,534	278,584
Family and community support	698,484	756,369	810,656
Other	38,650	38,742	40,006
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		<u> </u>	56,502
Total Expenses	<u> 14,878,070</u>	<u> 14,906,470</u>	14,139,989
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES - BEFORE OTHER	(1,093,066)	(588,116)	(591,977)
OTHER			
Contributed assets	-	169,596	1,792,485
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4)	2,083,892	<u> </u>	1,761,189
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	990,826	1,580,579	2,961,697
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	69,177,140	69,177,140	66,215,443
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>70,167,966</u>	\$ <u>70,757,719</u>	\$ <u>69,177,140</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget (Unaudited)	2012	2011
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ <u>990,826</u>	\$ <u>1,580,579</u>	\$ <u>2,961,697</u>
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,913,470)	(2,645,046)	(2,584,630)
Contributed tangible capital assets	-	(169,596)	(1,792,485)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	30,669	62,844
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,417,620	2,565,144	2,455,061
Loss on sale of tangible capital assets		<u> 106,161</u>	56,502
	<u>(495,850)</u>	<u>(112,668</u>)	<u>(1,802,708</u>)
Acquisition of supplies inventories	-	(50,351)	-
Net use of supplies inventories	·		16,671
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN NET DEBT	494,976	1,417,560	1,175,660
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,507,328	2,507,328	1,331,668
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>3,002,304</u>	\$ <u>3,924,888</u>	\$ <u>2,507,328</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

۶.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	2012	2011
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES		
OPERATING		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ 1,580,579	\$ 2,961,697
Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses:	• 1,000,077	¢ 2 ,501,057
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,565,144	2,455,061
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	106,161	56,502
Tangible capital assets received as contributions	(169,596)	
Non-cash charges to operations (net change):	(10),0)0)	(1,72,103)
Decrease (increase) in taxes and grants in lieu receivable	(15,476)	(4,586)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables	(157,688)	1,912,614
Decrease (increase) in inventory of land for resale	138,335	1,712,014
Decrease (increase) in inventory for consumption	(50,351)	16,671
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,198,252	210,197
	88,463	359,110
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	•	<u>(68,328)</u>
Add back increase in accounts payable for tangible capital assets	(1,263,833)	(08,328)
Cash provided by operating transactions	<u>4,019,990</u>	6,106,453
CAPITAL		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,645,046)	(2,584,630)
Increase of accounts payable acquisition of tangible capital assets	1,263,833	68,328
Sale of tangible capital assets	30,669	62,844
Cash applied to capital transactions	(1,350,544)	(2,453,458)
Cash appred to capital transactions	(1050(511)	<u> (2; 100; 100</u>)
FINANCING		
Long-term debt repaid	<u>(645,676)</u>	<u>(656,775</u>)
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions	<u> (645,676</u>)	<u>(656,775</u>)
CHANGE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR	2,023,770	2,996,220
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,045,949	<u> 9,049,729</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ <u>14,069,719</u>	\$ <u>12,045,949</u>
Cash and cash equivalents is made up of:		
Cash and cash equivalents is made up of. Cash	\$ 13,905,331	\$ 11;920,894
Temporary Investments	<u>164,388</u>	
romporary investments	\$ <u>14,069,719</u>	
	J_14,007,/17	Ψ_12,043,747

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 Schedule 1

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital <u>Assets</u>	2012 <u>TOTAL</u>	2011 <u>TOTAL</u>
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ <u>2,762,790</u>	\$ <u>6,738,903</u>	\$ <u>59,675,447</u>	\$ <u>69,177,140</u>	\$ <u>66,215,443</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	1,580,579	_	_	1,580,579	2,961,697
Restricted funds used for operations	721,867	(721,867)	_	-,,,	
Unrestricted funds designated for future use Current year funds used for tangible capital	(941,476)	941,476	-	-	-
assets	(2,645,045)	_	2,645,045	-	-
Contributed tangible capital assets	(169,596)	-	169,596	_	-
Disposal of tangible capital assets	136,830	-	(136,830)	·	-
Annual amortization expense	2,565,144	· -	(2,565,144)	-	_
Capital long term debt repaid	(614,533)	<u> </u>	614,533		
Change in accumulated surplus	633,770	219,609	727,200	1,580,579	2,961,697
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>3,396,560</u>	\$ <u>6,958,512</u>	\$ <u>60,402,647</u>	\$ <u>70,757,719</u>	\$ <u>69,177,140</u>

۳.

7

TOWN OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE

SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 Schedule 2

COST		Land	Im	Land provement		Buildings		Engineering structures		achinery and equipment		Vehicles	2012 <u>TOTAL</u>	2011 <u>Total</u>
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	6,540,831	\$	5,933,734	\$	12,835,784	\$	71,326,609	\$	3,743,582	\$	2,638,970	\$ 103,019,510	\$ 99,109,607
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		25,553		41,618		24,263		2,369,677		167,738		185,793	2,814,642	4,377,115
Disposal of tangible capital assets	_	(4,556)		<u> </u>	_	_		(315,001)	_	(57,701)		(88,010)	(465,268)	(467,212)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$_	6,561,828	\$	5,975,352	\$_	12,860,047	\$	73,381,285	\$	3,853,619	\$	2,736,753	\$ <u>105,368,884</u>	\$ <u>103,019,510</u>
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR Annual Amortization	\$	-	\$	3,884,004 153,434	\$	3,794,045 254,452	\$	26,237,254 1,650,193	\$	1,632,983 324,356	\$	981,350 182,709	\$ 36,529,636 2,565,144	\$ 34,422,440 2,455,061
Accumulated		-		133,434		234,432		1,030,170		024,000		102,107	2,000,111	2,133,001
amortization on disposals	-		_		_	· -		(202,264)	_	(53,572)		(72,602)	(328,438)	(347,867)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	_			4,037,438		4,048,497		27,685,183		1,903,767		1,091,457	38,766,342	36,529,634
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ _	<u>6,561,828</u>	\$ <u></u>	1,937,914	\$_	8,811,550	\$	45,696,102	\$	1,949,852	\$	1,645,296	\$ <u>66,602,542</u>	\$ <u>66,489,876</u>

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND OTHER TAXES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 SCHEDULE 3

	((Budget Jnaudited)		2012		2011
TAXATION						
Real property taxes	\$	8,401,477	\$	8,606,172	\$	8,147,476
Linear Property		107,803		116,136		107,803
Government grants in place of property taxes		153,362		159,747		153,361
Special assessments and local improvement taxes	_	865	_	902	-	865
	_	8,663,507	_	8,882,957	_	8,409,505
REQUISITIONS						
Alberta School Foundation Fund		2,331,996		2,513,642		2,331,996
Westview Lodge		86,614	_	86,354	_	87,904
-	_	2,418,610	-	2,599,996		2,419,900
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$_	<u>6,244,897</u>	\$_	<u>6,282,961</u>	\$_	5,989,605

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 SCHEDULE 4

	Budget (Unaudited	I)	2012	2011
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING				
Provincial Government	\$ 904,57	4 \$	1,059,775	\$ 1,031,814
Other Local Governments	1,529,46	2	1,519,611	1,506,824
	2,434,03	6	2,579,386	2,538,638
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL				
Provincial Government	1,308,85	7	1,301,277	1,213,009
Federal Government	660,00	0	659,746	528,580
Local Grant Funding - Other	115,03	5	38,076	19,600
	2,083,89	2	1,999,099	1,761,189
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ <u>4,517,92</u>	<u>8</u> \$	<u>4,578,485</u>	\$ <u>4,299,827</u>

SCHEDULE OF CONSOLIDATED EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 SCHEDULE 5

	Budget (Unaudited)		2	012	2011	
CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT						
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$	5,082,366	\$	4,906,541	\$ 4,554,465	
Contracted and general services		3,739,905		3,830,194	3,591,381	
Materials, goods and utilities		2,112,226		1,958,254	1,966,667	
Bank charges and short term interest		30,700		37,434	30,004	
Interest on long term debt		325,299		325,294	355,329	
Transfers to local boards and organizations		1,169,954		1,177,448	1,130,580	
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets		2,417,620		2,565,144	2,455,061	
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets			_	106,161	56,502	
	\$_	<u>14,878,070</u>	\$_	<u>14,906,470</u>	\$ <u>14,139,989</u>	

11

TOWN OF ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE

SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 Schedule 6

REVENUE	<u>_</u>	General overnment		Protective Services	T 1	ransportation Services		Planning & Development	R	ecreation & Culture	Eı 	nvironmental Services		Other		<u>TOTAL</u>
Net municipal taxes Government transfers	\$	6,282,961 177,950	\$	- 943,245	\$	- 1,745,306	\$	- 27,078	\$	- 790,340	\$	- 215,716	\$	- 678,850	\$	6,282,961 4,578,485
User fees and sales of goods Investment Income Contributed assets		188,569 106,725		102,019 -		197,942 -		470,769 - 160,506		737,564 -		2,961,824 -		115,595 -		4,774,282 106,725 169,596
Other	_	575,000	_	-	_	-	-	169,596 	_		_		_	-	_	575,000
	\$_	7,331,205	\$_	1,045,264	\$_	1,943,248	\$	667,443	\$_	1,527,904	\$_	3,177,540	\$_	794,445	\$_	16,487,049
EXPENSES Contracted & general																
services Salaries & wages	\$	427,996 850,070	\$	1,750,057 518,248	\$	374,010 793,845	\$	380,043 350,194	\$	369,416 1,543,384	\$	413,653 657,269	\$	115,019 193,531	\$	3,830,194 4,906,541
Goods & supplies		57,141		74,962		499,458		30,967		814,722		427,218		53,786		1,958,254
Transfers to local boards Long-term debt interest		29,307 60,100		237,183 5,160		- 15,720		52,000		207,123 54,804		257,962 226,944		393,873		1,177,448 362,728
Other expenses		499		4,83 7		73,998		-		<u>500</u>		26,327			_	106,161
•	_	1,425,113	_	2,590,447	_	1,757,031	-	813,204		2,989,949	_	2,009,373	_	756,209	_	12,341,326
NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION		5,906,092		(1,545,183)		186,217		(145,761)		(1,462,045)		1,168,167		38,236		4,145,723
Amortization Expense	-	(62,149)	· .	(123,960)	_	(1,062,890)		(10,846)	_	(441,099)		(850,371)		(13,829)		(2,565,144)
NET REVENUE	\$_	5,843,943	·\$_	(1,669,143)	\$_	(876,673)	\$_	(156,607)	\$_	(1,903,144)	\$	317,796	\$_	24,407	\$_	1,580,579

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Rocky Mountain House are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town of Rocky Mountain House are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of municipal operations plus all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the town and are, therefore, accountable to the Town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources. Included in these financial statements is fifty percent of the Rocky Mountain House Municipal Airport.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes operating requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and use assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Where estimation uncertainty exists, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from estimates. The amounts recorded for valuation of tangible capital assets, the useful lives and related amortization of tangible capital assets, employee benefit obligations, provision for landfill rehabilitation and contingent liabilities and commitments are areas where management makes significant estimates and assumptions in determining the amounts to be recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

(d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(e) Debt Charges Recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long-term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the un-matured long-term debt, less actuarial requirements for retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

(f) Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Land for Resale Inventory

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

(h) Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special property assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowings, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

(i) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimated of the amounts can be determined.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

(i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	YEARS
-	15-20
-	25-50
-	
-	35-65
-	35-65
-	15-40
-	5-20
-	10-25
	-

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost determined on a first-in first-out basis and net realizable value.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

2. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

	2012	2011
Cash and term deposits	\$ 13,905,331	\$ 11,920,894
Temporary Investments	164,388	125,055
• •	\$ <u>14,069,719</u>	\$ <u>12,045,949</u>

Cash includes amounts held in bank chequing and savings accounts earning interest at interest rates ranging from 0.1% to 3.0%.

3013

Temporary investments are short-term deposits with original maturities of twelve months or less. The average effective interest rate at year end is 1.32% (2011 - 1.46%).

3. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

160,385 51,434 211,819	\$ 162,770 <u>33,573</u> \$ <u>196,343</u>
	51,434

4. **DEFERRED REVENUE**

	201	. 4	2011
Prepaid local improvements	\$8	7,888 \$	95,652
Deferred Revenue	39	2,491	324,048
Deferred projects	10	5,362	96,579
Deferred Capital Grants	1,10	6,290	1,465,664
Other	1	<u>3,934</u>	14,576
	\$ 1,70	5,965 \$	1,996,519

Prepaid local improvement charges are being amortized to revenue over the life of the corresponding debentures with terms ranging from 1 to 18 years.

Deferred revenues relate to monies received for goods or services which have not yet been delivered, and will be recognized as revenues when the goods or services are completed.

Deferred projects are funds received in advance for projects and will be recognized as operating revenue or capital revenue in the year the expenditure occurs.

Deferred Capital Grants relate to government funding received for specific capital projects not yet completed, and will be recognized as revenues when the projects are completed.

16

001

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

5. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

	л. А.	2012		2011
Bank time	\$	24,780	\$	21,946
Vacation		253,942	<u> </u>	262,464
	<u> </u>	<u>278,722</u>	\$	284,410

Vacation and bank time

The vacation and bank time liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

6. LONG TERM DEBT

	2012	2011
Tax supported debentures Self supported debentures	\$ 1,254,346 5,770,090	\$ 1,569,474 6,100,638
	\$ 7,024,436	\$ 7,670,112

The current portion of the long-term debt amounts to \$571,400 (2011 - \$645,676).

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

2013	\$	571,400 \$	330,019 \$	901,419
2014		549,819	300,788	850,607
2015		577,787	272,819	850,606
2016		586,257	243,391	829,648
2017		540,005	214,578	754,583
Thereafter	_	4,199,168	1,110,749	5,309,917
	\$	<u>7,024,436</u> \$	<u>2,472,344</u> \$	<u>9,496,780</u>

PRINCIPAL INTEREST TOTAL

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 0.0% to 6.5% per annum and mature in periods 2012 through 2030. The average annual interest rate is 5.08% for 2012 (4.91% for 2011).

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Rocky Mountain House at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$361,554 (2011 - \$392,879).

The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2012 were \$398,988 (2011-\$422,883).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

7. **DEBT LIMITS**

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Rocky Mountain House be disclosed as follows:

	2012	2011
Total Debt Limit	\$ 21,000,000	\$ 20,300,000
Total debt	<u>7,024,436</u>	7,670,112
Amount of debt limit unused	\$ <u>13,975,564</u>	\$ <u>12,629,888</u>
Debt servicing limit	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,390,000
Debt servicing	<u>1,007,230</u>	1,049,653
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ <u>2,492,770</u>	\$ <u>2,340,347</u>

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

8. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2012 2011	
Capital Assets (Schedule 2)	\$ 105,368,884 \$103,019,510	
Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2)	(38,766,342) (36,529,634)	
Long - term capital debt	(7,024,436) (7,670,112)	
Long - term operating debt	<u>824,541</u> 855,683	
	\$	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

9. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

2012

Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$	3,396,560 6,958,512	\$ 2,762,790 6,738,903
Equity in tangible capital assets	\$	<u>60,402,647</u> 70,757,719	\$ <u>59,675,447</u> 69,177,140

	Balan					Balance	
RESTRICTED SURPLUS	(Dec. 31, 2011)		Increases	Decreases	(Dec. 31, 2012)		
	• (1	a coo d			•		
Operating contingency		2,500 \$,	-	\$	668,750	
Capital - general	3,43	3,345	123,102	(518,175)		3,038,272	
Airport - equipment	5	2,836	15,311	(2,629)		65,518	
Water and sewer							
Infrastructure	41	3,101	130,000	-		543,101	
RVB Special reserve	1	2,431	-	-		12,431	
Land development	1,32	0,422	263,480	-		1,583,902	
Off-site levies	42	9,475	51,684	-		481,159	
Equipment replacement	19	5,958	225,000	(149,898)		271,060	
42 Avenue collector reserve	9	2,406	-	-		92,406	
42 Avenue intersection							
reserve		6,675	11,228			17,903	
Boundary improvement							
reserve	5	5,824	-	-		55,824	
46 St. Boundary reserve	5	1,474	5,421	-	•	56,895	
Recreation equipment reserve	6	2,456	60,000	(51,165)		71,291	
	\$ <u>6,73</u>	<u>8,903</u> \$	5 <u>941,476</u> \$	<u>(721.867</u>)	\$	6,958,512	

The reserves of the Town of Rocky Mountain House are not specifically funded other than the Airport equipment reserves.

19

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2012**

SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE 10.

The Town of Rocky Mountain House provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (schedule 6).

SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE 11.

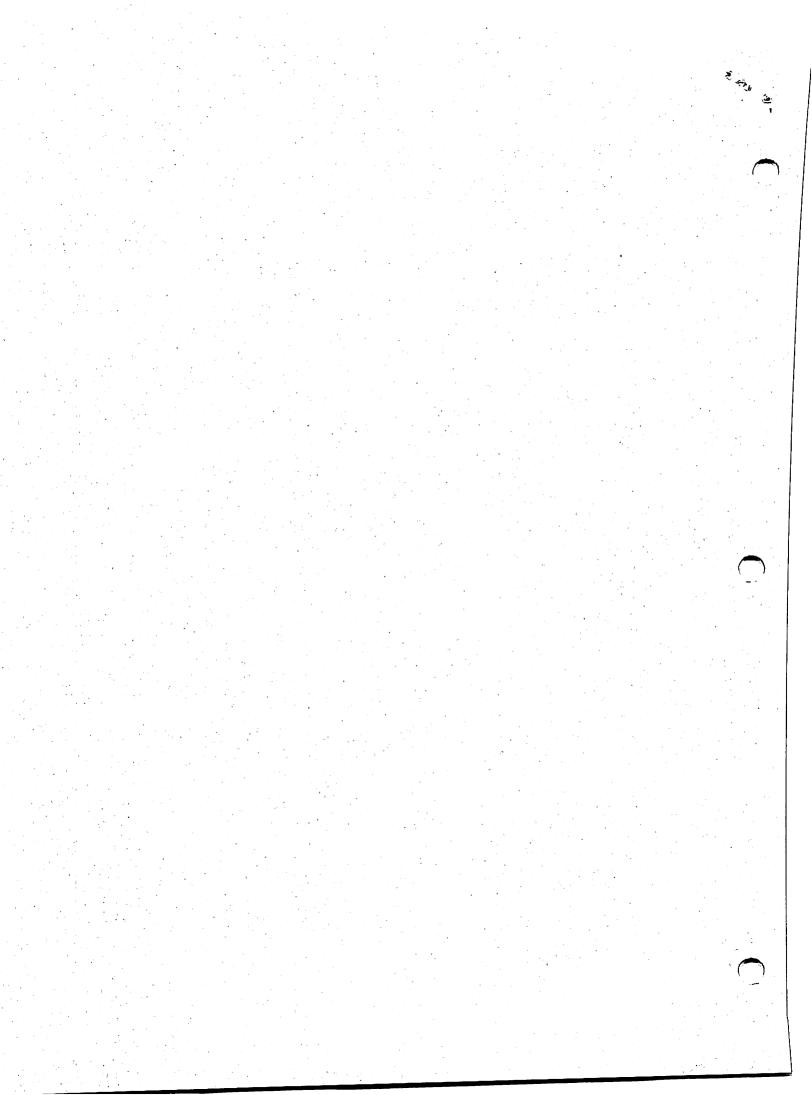
Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313-2000 is as follows:

			2	012			2011
		IORARIUM ALARY	BENI ALLO	EFITS & WANCES	TOTAL		TOTAL
COUNCILORS Sandy Andersen Sheila Mizera Ernie Murias Fred Nash Randy Saler William Symko Donald Verhesen	\$ 	21,994 18,696 22,198 41,464 18,182 19,661 <u>20,007</u> <u>162,202</u>	\$ 	454 \$ 444 - 168 427 - - - <u>487</u> <u>1,980</u> \$	22,448 19,140 22,198 41,632 18,609 19,661 <u>20,494</u> <u>164,182</u>		22,548 19,362 20,130 38,247 17,822 18,295 <u>21,184</u> <u>157,588</u>
Town Manager - Becker	\$ \$	<u>132,443</u> <u>132,443</u>	\$ \$	<u>26,579</u> \$ <u>26,579</u> \$	<u> </u>	\$ \$	<u>146,541</u> <u>146,541</u>

Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short-term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

12. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town of Rocky Mountain House participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is covered by the Alberta Public Sector Plans Act. The Plan serves about 200,000 people and about 421 employers. It is financed by the employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 9.91% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 13.74% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the town are required to make current service contributions of 8.91% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 12.74% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current and past service contributions by the Town of Rocky Mountain House to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2012 were \$330,339 (2011 - \$302,195). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town of Rocky Mountain House to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2012 were \$299,318 (2011 - \$272,608).

At December 31, 2011 the plan disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$4,635.3 million (2010 - \$4,635.3 million).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

13. CONTINGENCIES

(a) Regional Waste Authority

Pursuant to an agreement entered into in 2001, the Town of Rocky Mountain House, the Clearwater County, and the Village of Caroline established a regional solid waste authority to manage and operate a solid waste system

The Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority is governed by its own board of directors.

The Town, the Clearwater County and the Village of Caroline may be jointly responsible for the defence of any claims brought against the Authority

(b) Legal Actions

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits as at December 31, 2012. Where the occurrence of future events is considered likely to result in a loss with respect to an existing condition, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated, amounts have been included within accrued liabilities. Where the resulting losses, if any, cannot be determined or the occurrence of future events is unknown, amounts have not been recorded. The Town's Administration believes there will be no material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

(c) Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability

Pursuant to the Alberta Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act, the Town is required to fund the closure of its landfill site and provide for post-closure care of the facility. Closure and post-closure activities have occurred and the Town is continuing surface and ground water monitoring, leachate control, and visual inspection. Any further costs are being recognized as they occur as a reasonable estimate of the total liability can not be made at this point.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year requisitions were paid to the Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority in the amount of \$257,962 (2011 - \$237,407). The Town of Rocky Mountain House is related to the Rocky Mountain Regional Solid Waste Authority by having two of six board members.

The above transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, taxes and grants receivable, trade and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant cash flow or currency risks arising from these financial instruments.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

The Town is exposed to some possible credit risk due to the concentration of amounts receivable from other governments which comprises 16% of the total amounts receivable.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Town is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the carrying value of its long-term debt are at fixed rates of interest.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

16. BUDGET AMOUNTS

The budget amounts included in these financial statements have not been audited; accordingly we express no assurance thereon.

17. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements are approved by Council and management April 16, 2013.